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First edition: September 2013

Last modified: December 2014

CARBON DIOXIDE in non-refillable gas cylinders

INA.SD.001.e, Issue 02

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Trade name : Carbon dioxide in non-refillable gas cylinders

Safety data sheet no. : INA.SD.001.e.02 Chemical description of gas : Carbon dioxide

CAS-No.: 000124-38-9

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Chemical formula} & : & CO_2 \\ \textbf{UN number} & : & UN 1013 \\ \end{array}$

Usage : For various industrial applications

Perform risk assessment prior to use.

Company name : iSi North America, Inc. Website: <u>www.isi.com/components</u>

175 Route 46 West E-mail: info@isinorthamerica.com

Fairfield, NJ 07004 Tel.: 1-973-227-2426 : Chemtrec Tel.: 1-800-424-9300

2 Hazards identification

Emergency telephone number

OSHA/HCS Status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910:1200)

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification : Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas

Simple Asphyxiant

Label elements

· Hazard pictograms

•

• Signal word : Warning

• Hazard statements : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May increase respiration and heart rate. May cause nervous system damage.

May cause frostbite.

• Precautionary statements : Store in a well ventilated place.

Protect from direct sunlight.

Other hazards

Other hazards : May cause asphyxiation in high concentrations.

Contact with solid CO₂ (dry ice) or liquid CO₂ may cause cold burns, sever

injury and/or frostbite.



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3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Preparation : Substance

Substance name CAS no. Classification Concentration Carbon dioxide 124-38-9 >99% Liq. gas (H280)

Does not contain any other components or impurities which could affect the classification of this product.

Material does not meet the criteria of a mixture.

4 First-aid measures

Inhalation : Remove Victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for

breathing. If breathing is irregular or difficult, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical

attention.

Eye Contact : For exposure to cold vapor or solid carbon dioxide, immediately flush eyes

> thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open and away from eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See

a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist immediately.

Skin Contact : Flush contaminated skin with warm water. If massive exposure / frostbite

has occurred, contact a physician immediately.

Ingestion : Ingestion is not seen as a possible method of exposure.

Notes to Physician: All treatments should be based on the observed signs and symptoms of the patient.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Flammable Properties : Non-flammable.

Suitable Extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Specific Risk / Hazards : Contains gas / liquefied gas under pressure. Heat of fire can build pressure

in the cylinder and cause it to rupture / explode.

Specific methods : Move away from cylinder and cool with water from a safe position.

fire fighters

Special protective equipment for: Fire-fighters should wear the appropriate protective equipment and self

contained breathing apparatus.

6 Accidental release measures

: High pressure liquid and gas. Rapid release f gaseous carbon dioxide can Warning

result in the formation of dry ice which can cause frostbite.

Personnel precautions : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Cleaning up methods

: Attempt to stop gas release, if possible without risk.

: Ventilate area.



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7 Handling and storage

Handling : Only use equipment suitable for this product and its pressure and

temperature specified.

Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of

a cylinder.

Do not attempt to alter or modify the cylinder. Never attempt to refill an empty cylinder. Emerging gas will cause the cylinder to freeze.

Do not touch a discharging or recently discharged cylinder with bare hands.

Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder to another.

Do not use cylinder as roller or support, or for any other purpose than to

contain the gas as supplied.

Do not subject cylinder to mechanical shocks which may cause damage to

their integrity.

Storage : Keep out of reach of children.

Store cylinder in a well ventilated place at less than 50°C.

Store cylinder in a location free from risk of fire and away from sources of

heat and ignition.

Periodically check cylinder for general conditions and leakage. Do not store cylinder in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Personal protection : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protect eyes, face and skin from liquid splashes. Wearing of protective gloves is recommended.

Control Parameters:

Exposure Limits : Carbon dioxide:

ACIGH TLV (2012) : 5,000 ppm TWA

30,000 ppm 15min STEL

NIOSH REL (2013) : 5,000 ppm TWA

9,000 mg/m³ TWA 30,000 ppm STEL 54,000 mg/m³ STEL

OSHA PEL (2010) : 5,000 ppm TWA 9,000 mg/m³ TWA

9 Physical and chemical characteristics

Physical state at 20°C: GaseousColor: ColorlessOdor: OdorlessOdor Threshold: Not availablepH: Not Available

Molecular weight : 44

Melting point:Sublimation point -109.3°F (-78.5°C)Boiling point:Sublimation point -109.3°F (-78.5°C)

Boiling Range : No Applicable Critical temperature : 87.5°F (31°C)

Vapour pressure : 830 psig @ 68°F (57.3bar @ 20°C)

Relative density, gas (air=1) : 1.52
Relative density, liquid (water=1) : 0.82
Solubility in water [mg/l] : 2000

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Flash point [vol.% in air] Non-flammable.

Other information Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces,

particularly at or below ground level.

10 Stability and reactivity

> Reactivity : Non Reactive

Chemical Stability : Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions : Under normal conditions, hazardous reactions will not occur

Conditions to Avoid : High temperatures / excess heat.

Incompatible Materials : Material is mildly acidic and will react with alkaline materials to form

carbonates and bicarbonates

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity Criteria not met **Aspiration Hazard** Criteria not met Carcinogenicity Criteria not met **Germ Cell Mutagenicity** Criteria not met Skin Corrosion/Irritation : Criteria not met **Skin Sensitization** Criteria not met STOT RE : Criteria not met STOT SE Criteria not met **Toxicity for Reproduction** Criteria not met **Respiratory Sensitization** Criteria not met Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Criteria not met

Routes of Entry/Exposure : Inhalation, Skin, Eye

Inhalation Carbon Dioxide gas is an asphyxiant. It is also physiologically active,

affecting circulation and breathing. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, stinging of the nose and throat, excitation, rapid breathing and hear rate, excess salivation,

vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill. **Skin Contact**

No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas, liquid and solid carbon

dioxide may cause severe frostbite

Eye Contact No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas, liquid and solid carbon

dioxide may cause severe frostbite

: This product is a gas at normal temperatures. Unlikely route of Swallowing

exposure.

Effects of Chronic Exposure : Under normal conditions of use, no harm expected

Carcinogenic Effects : Carbon Dioxide is not listed by NTP, OSHA, or IARC

12 **Ecological information**

No known effects **Ecotoxicity** Persistance and Degradability Not Applicable **Bioaccumulative Potential** Not Applicable



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Mobility in Soil: Not applicableOther Adverse Effects: Not Applicable

13 Disposable considerations

General : Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be

dangerous.

Release into the atmosphere in a well-ventilated place. Avoid releasing large quantities into the atmosphere.

Consult your supplier if you require advice.

Disposal methods : Dispose of emptied cylinders only.

Cylinders are made of recyclable steel and hence a valuable resource.

Emptied cylinders should therefore always be recycled.

Adhere to local waste regulations when disposing of emptied cylinders.

14 Transport information

UN Number (DOT, DTG, IMDG, IATA) : UN1013

Proper Shipping Name : Carbon Dioxide

Transport Hazard Class : 2.2

Packing Group : Not Applicable

Environmental Hazards : Not Applicable

Shipping Labels : Non-Flammable Gas

Placard (when required) : Non-Flammable Gas

Please refer to CFR 49 (or Authority having jurisdiction) to determine information required for shipment

15 Regulatory information

Inventories

TSCA : Complies
DSL : Complies

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 : Not subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the

code of Federal regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories (>99%)

Acute Health Hazard : Yes
Chronic Health Hazard : No
Fire Hazard : No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard : Yes
Reactive Hazard : No

SARA 302/304 : Not Applicable SARA 304 RQ : Not Applicable

Clean Water Act

: Not Listed

(40 CFR 122.21 and 122.42)

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Clean Air Act Section 112

(40 CFR 61)

: Not Listed

CERCLA

: Not Listed

State Regulations

Right To Know : Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island

California (Proposition 65) : Not Listed as a substance known to cause cancer, birth defects or any

other harm

Canada

WHIMS : Class A . Compressed Gas

16 Other information

Hazardous Material Information (HMIS)
Health : 1
Flammability : 0
Physical Hazards : 3

Special : Simple asphyxiant

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